NCTSN The National Child Traumatic Stress Network Sanctuary Model			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Treatment Description	Acronym (abbreviation) for intervention: N/A		
	Average length/number of sessions: N/A – the Sanctuary Model is a systemwide approach to creating a trauma-informed culture.		
	Aspects of culture or group experiences that are addressed (e.g., faith/spiritual component, transportation barriers): Addresses marginalization of specific cultural groups through exposure to trauma.		
	Trauma type (primary): Interpersonal		
	Trauma type (secondary): All types		
	Additional descriptors (not included above): The Sanctuary Model [®] , is a trauma- informed, evidence-supported template for system change based on the active creation and maintenance of a nonviolent, democratic, productive community to help people heal from trauma.		
Target Population	Age range: 4 to no upper limit		
	Gender: 🗆 Males 🗇 Females 🕅 Both		
	Ethnic/Racial Group (include acculturation level/immigration/refugee history–e.g., multinational sample of Latinos, recent immigrant Cambodians, multigeneration African Americans): All		
	Other cultural characteristics (e.g., SES, religion): All		
	Language(s): English and Spanish, but accessible for translation		
	Region (e.g., rural, urban): All		
Essential Components	Theoretical basis: The aims of the Sanctuary Model are to guide an organization in the development of a trauma-informed culture with seven dominant characteristics all of which serve goals related to recovery from trauma spectrum disorders while creating a safe envi- ronment for clients, families, staff, and administrators with measurable goals:		
	 Culture of Nonviolence – building and modeling safety skills and a commitment to higher goals 		
	 Culture of Emotional Intelligence – teaching and modeling affect management skills 		
	Culture of Inquiry & Social Learning – building and modeling cognitive skills		
	 Culture of Shared Governance – creating and modeling civic skills of self-control, self-discipline, and administration of healthy authority 		
	 Culture of Open Communication – overcoming barriers to healthy communication, reduce acting-out, enhance self-protective and self-correcting skills, teach healthy boundaries 		

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Essential Components continued	 Culture of Social Responsibility – rebuilding social connection skills, establish healthy attachment relationships 			
	Culture of Growth	and Change – restoring hope, meaning, purpose		
	Key components:			
	 Shared language of Safety, Emotion Management, Loss and Future in the acro- nym SELF 			
	Development of a core team for implementation			
		intervention: community meetings, red flag reviews, psychoedu- self-care planning, safety plans, team meetings and treatment ces.		
Clinical & Anecdotal Evidence	Are you aware of any ☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Unce	suggestion/evidence that this treatment may be harmful? rtain		
		ral issues have been described in writings about this 1-5 where 1=not at all to 5=all the time). 4		
	This intervention is being used on the basis of anecdotes and personal communications only (no writings) that suggest its value with this group. □ Yes IN No			
	-	tes describing satisfaction with treatment, drop-out rates reports)? 🛛 Yes 🗔 No		
	Has this intervention	been presented at scientific meetings? 🛛 Yes 🗖 No		
	Are there any general or how to administer i	writings which describe the components of the intervention t? $\overline{\mathbf{X}}$ Yes $\ \Box$ No		
	Has the intervention I	been replicated anywhere? 🛛 Yes 🗖 No		
	Other countries? (please list) Mexico, Ecuador, Australia (pending)			
Research Evidence	Sample Size (N) and Breakdown (by gender, ethnicity, other cultural factors)	Citation		
Published Case Studies		Rivard, Bloom, Abramovitz, Pasquale, Duncan, McCorkle, et al., 2003		
Pilot Trials/Feasibility Trials (w/o control groups)	N=18	Study is currently in progress at the Andrus Children's Center which measures changes in environment along domains aligned with the seven Sanctuary Commitments while measuring achievement of implementation milestones.		

Sanctuary Model

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Outcomes	 What assessments or measures are used as part of the intervention or for research purposes, if any? Demographic Survey Implementation Survey Environmental Survey, developed by the Andrus Children's Center's Department of Policy, Planning and Research. COPES, developed by Moos. If research studies have been conducted, what were the outcomes? At this time, only baseline data has been collected.
Implementation Requirements & Readiness	 Space, materials or equipment requirements? No. Supervision requirements (e.g., review of taped sessions)? Supervision of clinicians and other service providers should include assessment of perfomance along the seven Sanctuary commitments and the use of trauma-specific interventions. To ensure successful implementation, support should be obtained from: All levels of leadership in the organization.
Training Materials & Requirements	List citations for manuals or protocol descriptions and/or where manuals or protocol descriptions can be obtained. Staff Training Manual, Implementation Guide, and Data Collection Manual are available through the Andrus Center for Learning and Innovation as part of the Sanctuary Leadership Development Institute. How/where is training obtained? Training can be obtained through the Sanctuary Leadership Development Institute at the Andrus Center for Learning and Innovation. What is the cost of training? \$65,000 for 2.5 years of training and consultation Are intervention materials (handouts) available in other languages? Yes No If YES, what languages? Spanish Other training materials &/or requirements (not included above): Application and commitment from CEO required
Pros & Cons/ Qualitative Impressions	 What are the pros of this intervention over others for this specific group (e.g., addresses stigma re. treatment, addresses transportation barriers)? Pros of the intervention are that it is easily adaptable for many cultures. It addresses the stigma of mental illness, has demonstrated reduction in restraints and improved staff retention. What are the cons of this intervention over others for this specific group (e.g., length of treatment, difficult to get reimbursement)? Funding for training may be difficult to obtain due to cost. Full implementation of the model may take 2-5 years.

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Pros & Cons/ Qualitative Impressions continued	Other qualitative impressions: The model provides a common language that is accessible to staff, clients and other stakeholders. It is not rigid, and therefore, can be adapted to many settings and populations. Practitioners are encouraged to be innovative in adapting it.		
Contact Information	Name: Dr. Sandra Bloom Address: Andrus Children's Center, 1156 North Broadway, Yonkers, NY 10701 Phone number: 914-965-3700 Website: www.sanctuaryweb.com		
References	Rivard, J. C., Bloom, S. L., Abramovitz, R., Pasquale, L. E., Duncan, M., McCorkle, D., et al. (2003). Assessing the implementation and effects of a trauma-focused intervention for youths in residential treatment. <i>Psychiatric Quarterly</i> , 74, 137-154.		